

Arizona Medical Marijuana Physician Education Program

*This project is supported through a contract with the Arizona Department of Health Services Medical Marijuana Program.





- 1. Which of the following health professionals is not allowed to provide written certification for a patient to become a Qualifying Patient for Medical Marijuana use?
 - a. Doctor of Medicine
 - b. Registered Nurse
 - c. Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine
 - d. Homeopathic Physician



- 2. As part of the patient qualification process, the physician is responsible for reviewing previous medical records and confirming the diagnosis, but does not have to examine the patient.
 - a. True
 - b. False



3. If a pediatric patient is under 18-years-old, to become a Qualified Patient for a medical marijuana card it requires certification from how many physicians?

- a. One
- b. Two
- c. Three



- 4. Which of the following is not a qualifying condition to become a medical marijuana Qualifying Patient?
 - a. Seizures
 - b. Hepatitis C
 - c. AIDS
 - d. PTSD
 - e. Cachexia
 - f. Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)



- 5. If a physician is the medical director of a dispensary, are they allowed to provide written certifications for medical marijuana for Qualifying Patients?
 - a. Yes b. No



- 6. ADHS is allowed to disclose the names of the physicians who certify qualifying patients?
 - a. True
 - b. False



A Look at the Country



SOURCE: National Conference of State Legislatures and National Organization for the Reform of Marijuana Laws



Arizona Medical Marijuana Law

- Requires registry identification cards.
- Limits the number of dispensaries.
- Has the support of the various Medical Boards.
- Includes several requirements for physicians who may provide qualifying patients (QP's) with written certifications.
- Requires dispensaries to appoint an individual who is a physician to function as a medical director.
- Requires dispensaries to develop, document and implement policies and procedures regarding inventory control.



Registry Identification Cards

Patient ID Card and Security Features



WARNING:

Possessing marijuana may be in violation of local, state or federal laws. Possession of this card does not provide legal protection. Marijuana use can be addictive and can impair an individual's ability to drive a motor vehicle or operate heavy machinery. Marijuana smoke contains carcinogens and can lead to an increased risk of severe health problems. KEEP MARIJUANA OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANY UNAUTHORIZED INDIVIDUAL.

Call the Poison Control Hotline at 1-800-222-1222 if you have concerns.

Arizona Department of Health Services | Will Humble, Director www.azdhs.gov

Color Bar Identifier

As of May 8, 2013, ADHS began printing ID cards with colored bar identifiers as follows:

Qualifying Patient – Yellow Designated Caregiver – Red Dispensary Agent – Blue

NOTE: Cards issued prior to May 8, 2013 will not have the color bar identifier.

Ultraviolet Security Image

Under a black light, the ADHS logo (without the copper sunburst) is revealed in the center of the card.

Clear Laminate Hologram

The words "Arizona Medical Marijuana Program" are printed across the card on three separate lines within the clear laminate—once across the top, middle, and bottom of the card.



Qualifying Patients



Qualifying Conditions

Must have one of the following qualifying conditions:

- Cancer
- Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)
- HIV
- AIDS

- Glaucoma
- Crohn's Disease
- Agitation of Alzheimer's Disease
- Hepatitis C



Qualifying Conditions

A chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition (or the treatment for) that causes:

- cachexia or wasting syndrome
- severe and chronic pain
- severe nausea
- seizures
- severe or persistent muscle spasms



Qualifying Conditions

Or, a debilitating medical condition or treatment approved by ADHS under A.R.S. 36-2801.01 and A.A.C. R9-17-106.



Conditions Denied by ADHS

The following conditions that went to a public hearing have been denied by ADHS:

- PTSD
- Migraines
- Generalized Anxiety
 Disorder
- Depression



Eligibility Requirements



Physician Certification Form

Patient must have a written certification

from a physician confirming diagnosis of qualifying medical condition.

- Doctor of Medicine
- Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine
- Naturopathic Physician
- Homeopathic Physician

MEDICAL MARI	UANA PHYSICIAN CERTIFICATION
Department of Health Services PHYS	ICIAN INFORMATION
FOR <u>ALL</u>	QUALIFYING PATIENTS
Physician's Name:	
Arizona License Number:	Type: MD DO NMDND MD(H)/DO(H)
	RMATION ON FILE WITH LICENSING BOARD
Office Address:	
Telephone Number:	Email Address:
QUAL	IFYING PATIENT INFORMATION
Patient's Name:	Date of Birth:
CHECK ONE OR MORE BOXES TO IN	DICATE QUALIPYING PATIENT'S DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION
Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)	Agitation of Alzheimer's disease
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)	Cancer
Crohn's disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)	Glaucoma Hepatitis C
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	IN OR THE TREATMENT FOR A CHRONIC OR DEBILITATING DISEASE OR MEDICAL CONDITION CAUSES
Cachexia or wasting syndrome Severe nausea	Severe and chronic pain
Severe naisea	 Seizures, including those characteristic of epilepsy
Severe or persistent muscle spasms, including those characteristics	teristic of multiple sclerosis
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Qualified Patients Under Age of 18

Requires certification from (2) separate physicians.

Parents or legal guardians must become the caregiver and attest to:

- Assisting minor patient with medical use.
- Allowing the minor to use the marijuana.
- Will not divert the marijuana to anyone who is not allowed to possess.
- Have not been convicted of an excluded felony offense.



Arizona Medical Marijuana Program Statistics



Patient and Caregiver Statistics November 12, 2013

Active Individual Qualifying Patients: 42,365

Active Individual Caregivers: 533

Minor Patients: 49



Age of Applicants November 14, 2013

<18 Years .1% 18-30 Years 25% 31-40 Years 20% 41-50 Years 17.1% 51-60 Years 21.7% 61-70 Years 13.4% 71-80 Years 2.2% 81+ Years .5%



Reported Qualifying Conditions November 14, 2013

Chronic Pain: 73.25% Cancer: 2.31% Hepatitis C: 1.54% Two or More Conditions: 17.98%



Medical Marijuana Act



Confidentiality (§36-2810)

The AMMA has a strict confidentiality statute. ADHS <u>cannot</u> disclose information to anyone regarding:

- Applications (Content & Supporting Info)
- Cardholder Names
- *Physical Addresses of Dispensaries
- **Physicians Who Certify

*ADHS must, however, disclose the names and locations of dispensaries to qualifying patients.

**ADHS can also notify a physician's licensing board if ADHS believes a physician has committed an act of unprofessional conduct for failing to comply with program requirements.



Physician's Responsibility



Standard Protocol

- 1) Request patient's previous medical records prior to booking appointment.
- 2) Examine the patient.
- 3) Establish a medical record.
- 4) Review patient's previous medical records.
- 5) Make or confirm the diagnosis.



Standard Protocol

- 6) Discuss risks and benefits of medical use of marijuana.
- 7) Check the (qualified) patient's profile in the <u>Controlled Substance Rx Monitoring Program</u> <u>Database</u>.
- 8) Complete and sign the Physician Certification form.
- 9) Give the form to the (qualified) patient to submit diagnosis to ADHS.



Physician Audits



Physician Audits

ADHS does not have authority to regulate physicians and physician activity. Each physician is regulated by his or her applicable licensing board. ADHS will work with the licensing boards if ADHS believes program requirements are not being met.



Physician Audits

- Every six months, ADHS works with the Arizona Board of Pharmacy to examine the frequency of physician medical marijuana certifications relative to the frequency of checking the <u>Controlled Substance Rx Monitoring Program Database</u>.
- If the number of certifications exceeds the number of times the physician has checked the database, ADHS will inform that physician's licensing board for follow up or appropriate licensing-related action.
- This could possibly result in licensing violations and actions taken against the physician's license by his or her board.



Medical Directors

Every dispensary is required to appoint a physician to serve as the medical director. The following is required:

- Must be onsite or available by telephone during dispensing hours.
- Must designate another physician to cover as medical director in their absence.

Medical directors <u>may not</u> provide written certifications for medical marijuana for any qualifying patient.



Dispensary Medical Director Duties

- Provide training to dispensary agents every year.
 - Recognizing signs and symptoms of abuse.
 - Guidelines for refusing service if individual is impaired.
 - Providing information to Qualifying Patients on benefits, risks, side effects, etc.
- Develop educational materials for Qualifying Patients and caregiver.
 - Develop a system to help Qualifying Patients track symptoms, marijuana usage, and side effects.
 - Information on potential drug-to-drug interactions.



Questions?





- Which of the following health professionals is NOT allowed to provide written certification for a patient to become a Qualifying Patient for Medical Marijuana use?
 - a. Doctor of Medicine
 - b. Registered Nurse
 - c. Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine
 - d. Homeopathic Physician


- 2. As part of the patient qualification process, the physician is responsible for reviewing previous medical records and confirming the diagnosis, but does **NOT** have to examine the patient.
 - a. True
 - b. False



3. If a **PEDIATRIC** patient is under 18-years-old, to become a Qualified Patient for a medical marijuana card it requires certification from how many physicians?

- a. One
- b. Two
- c. Three



4. Which of the following is **NOT** a qualifying condition to become a medical marijuana Qualifying Patient?

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- 5. If a physician is the medical director of a dispensary, are they allowed to provide written certifications for medical marijuana for Qualifying Patients?
 - a. Yes b. No



- 6. ADHS *is* allowed to disclose the names of the physicians who certify qualifying patients?
 - a. True
 - b. False



Thank You



Additional Information



Operating Dispensaries





Adding a Debilitating Medical Condition

ADHS accepts petitions to add to the list of debilitating medical conditions every January and July. The petitioner must submit:

- Contact information
- Name of medical condition
- Description of the symptoms
- Availability of conventional medical treatments
- Summary of evidence that medical marijuana will provide benefit
- Peer-reviewed, scientific journal articles reporting results of research on medical marijuana benefits specific to the condition



Protections Under the Medical Marijuana Act

No school, landlord, or employer may be penalized or denied any benefit under state law for enrolling, leasing to, or employing a registered qualifying patient or a registered designated caregiver.



Medical Marijuana Act: Discrimination

Unless a failure to do so would cause an employer to lose a monetary or licensing related benefit under federal law or regulations, an employer may not discriminate against a person hiring, termination, or imposing any terms or condition of employment or otherwise penalize a person based upon either:

- The person's status as a cardholder, or
- A registered Qualifying Patient's positive drug test for marijuana components or metabolites, unless the patient used, possessed, or was impaired by marijuana on the premises of the place of employment or during the hours of employment



Limitations Under the Medical Marijuana Act

Possessing or engaging in the medical use of marijuana:



On a school bus.

On the grounds of any preschool, primary or secondary school.



In any correctional facility.



Limitations Under the Medical Marijuana Act

- Undertaking any task under the influence of marijuana that would constitute negligence or malpractice (e.g. driving).
- Smoking marijuana:



On any form of public transportation.



In any public place.



Medical Marijuana Act: Discrimination

Operating, navigating, or being in actual physical control or any motor vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat while under the influence of marijuana, except that a registered Qualifying Patient shall not be considered to be under the influence of marijuana solely because of the presence of metabolites or components of marijuana that appear in insufficient concentration to cause impairment.





Medical Marijuana Act: Acts Not Prohibited

Nothing in the Act prohibits an employer from disciplining an employee for ingesting marijuana in the workplace or working while under the influence of marijuana.





References

Marijuana as Medicine?: The Science Beyond the Controversy http://iom.edu/Reports/2000/Marijuana-as-Medicine-The-Science-Beyond-the-Controversy.aspx

Marijuana and Medicine: Assessing the Science Base (1999) http://www.nap.edu/openbook.php?record_id=6376

The DEA Position on Marijuana http://www.justice.gov/dea/marijuana_position.pdf

DEA Drug Fact Sheet: Marijuana http://www.justice.gov/dea/pubs/abuse/drug_data_sheets/Marijuana.pdf

Arizona Medical Marijuana Website www.azdhs.gov/medicalmarijuana

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